

From S. F.:
Mongolia, Feb. 21.
For S. F.:
Laurine-Persia, 18th
From Vancouver:
Makura, Feb. 26.
For Vancouver:
Zealandia, Feb. 25.

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REPUBLICANS STAND FIRM IN CONTROL OF LEGISLATURE UNCLE SAM HURRIES PLANS TO INTERVENE IN MEXICAN TROUBLES

FLOOD OF BILLS ON MUCH WORK BEGUN

House Starts Morning by Getting Thirty-two Bills in Half as Many Minutes — Democrats and Republicans Racing to Front with Pet Legislation

Standing together against an aggressive Bourbon minority, the Republican senate and house members today assured themselves of control of the legislature of 1913.

Republicans elected their candidates for president and speaker without difficulty, although the margin of safety was small. The Democrats in both houses were ready to take advantage of any factional fight in the opposing forces, but Eric A. Knudsen in the senate and H. L. Holstein in the house received the staunch support of their party adherents and won emphatic victories.

Aside from the Republican victories, the feature of the opening of the territorial legislature was the flood of bills that descended in the house and already threatens in the senate. Both Republicans and Democrats are ready with scores of measures and both are shoving them in as fast as opportunity offers.

Large crowds attended today's session. Flowers for the senate president and house speaker, band music, good-nature everywhere and plenty of serious work determined upon marked the opening day.

Bourbon Plan Nipped.

A neat little plan of the Bourbons to sow discord among the G. O. P. of the senate was foisted as soon as that body convened this morning and got down to work. The plan, as revealed by one of the supporters of Senator Knudsen, was to get the Republicans fighting over the presidency. They wanted to start a war between Albert Judd, Cecil Brown and Knudsen. Could they have done this they hoped to control the judiciary rolls, accounts, printing and land committee, and so the entire business of the upper house.

Early in the morning, and while the members and attaches still roamed the halls of the building, came the rumor that owing to the failure of Senator Penhallow to reach Honolulu on the Inter-Island steamer this morning, there was danger of a deadlock. The report had it that Senator Makekahu, Home Ruler, had been swung over to the Bourbon ranks, and that the latter planned a filibuster of the most rampant sort, hoping to stampede the Republicans, and carry through their own program, counting on making the vote seven to seven on the important question of the presidency. Senator Metzger was the man the Bourbons backed, although for a time it looked as though they had decided upon Jim Coke.

Every Seat Filled Save One.

When the band in the kios in the palace grounds finished the Star Spangled Banner, and the clock ticked around to a few minutes past ten, every seat in the senate chamber was filled save only that allotted to Senator Penhallow, and the orderly stillness of the upper house prevailed, broken only by the murmur of low-voiced conferences between lawmakers.

"I believe this is the day provided by law for the opening of the legislature, although we have had no call," said Senator Brown. "I therefore ask that the senator from the first district open the senate."

First Fight on Clerk.

Senator Metzger took the chair and called on Senator Baker to offer prayer in absence of a minister.

Senator Brown then put in nomination as temporary clerk, John Wise, and Senator Wirtz offered the name of W. J. Coelho of Maui. The temporary president called for a ballot. The vote was close, running nip and tuck, but Wise won by eight to six, a strict party vote, and Wise was appointed.

Albert Judd asked the appointment of a committee on credentials. It was carried.

Sensors Makekahu, Judd and Pall were appointed and the senate then adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

When it re-convened at 10:20 o'clock the committee's report, was read by Wise and it was approved.

Charles Rice then moved that the same committee be appointed to wait upon the chief justice and notify him that the senate is ready for the administration of the oath of office and the body adjourned pending the arrival of the head of the supreme court of the Territory. It was half-past 10 o'clock when, brought in an automobile, the chief justice entered the senate chamber, and a moment afterwards administered the oath, and left for the house. The senate then proceeded to permanent organization on

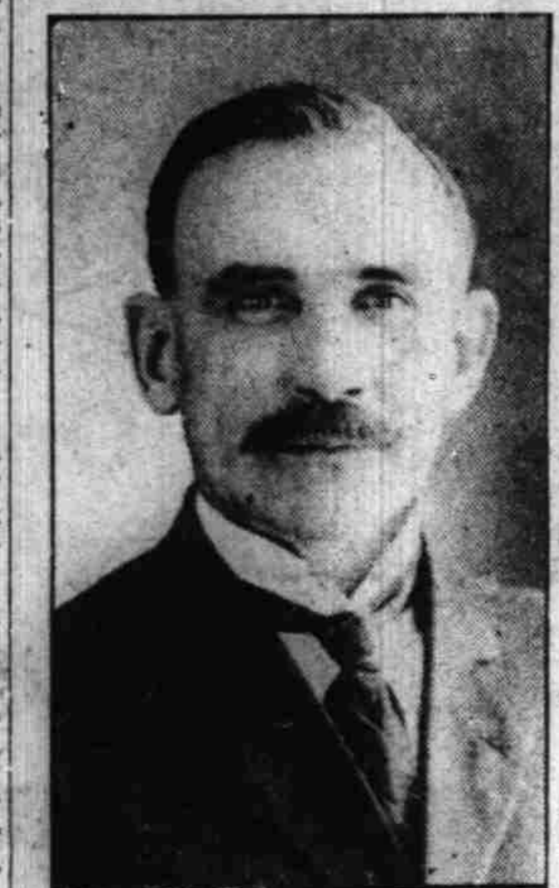
STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Ways and means: Rice (chairman), C. Brown, Lauke, Metzger, Baldwin.
Judiciary: Albert Judd (chairman), Brown, Makekahu.
Public lands and internal improvements: Baldwin (chairman), Metzger, Hewitt.
Education: Penhallow (chairman), Rice, Makekahu.
Printing: Pall (chairman), Lauke, Judd.
Accounts: Brown (chairman), Wirtz, Hewitt.
Military: Chillingworth (chairman), Coke, Penhallow.
Public health: Chillingworth (chairman), Judd, Wirtz.
Manufactures, forestry and promotion: Hewitt (chairman), Baker, Penhallow.
Rules: Rice (chairman), Pall, Baker.
The Bourbons did not therefore receive a single chairmanship, although they were recognized on practically all of the important committees.

DEMOCRATS DEFEATED IN OPENING ELECTIONS



Senator D. E. Metzger of Hawaii, unsuccessful Bourbon candidate for president of the senate.



Dr. Archer Irwin of Hawaii, whose fellow-Democrats gave him an honorary vote for speaker of the House.

motion of Senator Coke, Judd moved that the rules of the session of 1911 be adopted as the temporary rules. Senator Rice then nominated E. A. Knudsen, James Coke, Senator Metzger and Senator Baker. Senator Metzger for president of the senate, and the senators proceeded to ballot, passing two straw hats to receive the bits of yellow paper.

Knudsen Wins and Talks.

Senator Wirtz took the chair to announce that Knudsen had received eight and Metzger six and declared him elected. Knudsen took the chair escorted by Senators Rice and Lauke.

Senator Knudsen referred to the fine record made by the last session and said that he hoped the present session would do even better. Senator Chillingworth was nominated as vice president, but withdrew his name and substituted Senator Makekahu. The home ruler was elected without a fight.

Wise Gets Home Rule Vote.

John Wise and Cueto were then nominated as permanent clerks, and

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Kauai And Hawaii Again Land Coveted Senate And House Offices



"KAUAI ON TOP AGAIN"
Here are a bunch of smiling senators, with Kauai well represented. On the left is Charles A. Rice, the new senator from the Garden Isle, who is picked to head the important ways and means committee. Next to him is Senator Philip Pall, of Maui, and next to Pall is Senator H. L. Holstein, of Hawaii. On the right is Senator Eric Knudsen. His smile is due to the fact that he has just been chosen to head the senate again as president.

FREAR URGES MANY PUBLIC WELFARE ACTS

Utilities and Industrial Commissions Recommended—Financial Status of Territory is Handled in Detail

Governor Frear's opening message to the legislature today is regarded by veteran members of the two houses as one of the most remarkable executive documents ever received by the law-making body of the territory.

The governor has devoted nearly a hundred typewritten pages to a summary of the progress of the territory along scores of lines. Matters financial, industrial, political, social, moral and judicial are handled at length and in plain-spoken language.

He advocates a public utilities commission, an industrial commission with authority to handle labor disputes. He urges the short-ballot, elective commission form of government for Honolulu.

He deals in detail with the financial status of the territory and gives a complete summary of public works and public expenditures, as well as the estimates for the next biennial period.

The message was presented to both houses of the legislature, received, the first and closing paragraphs read and the document ordered to print. The administration's policy and plans for the present session are indicated in a number of important recommendations, and after the document is printed, it will be distributed among the legislators.

Governor Frear says: To the Legislature: This is the third regular biennial session of the legislature during the approximately six years of my administration. There has been one special session also. These have been years of unusual activity both within and without the government. They have been years of exceptional prosperity and progress.

The legislature at each of the two preceding sessions has maintained and added to the high standards of the nearly three-quarters of a century of Hawaii's praiseworthy legislative history. At the close of each legislative session it has seemed as if little that was urgent had remained undone, and yet at the opening of each subsequent session there has appeared the usual formidable array of pressing new needs that never cease to accumulate with wonderful rapidity in a present-day live political, industrial and social organism.

Until recent years legislation was concerned mainly with subjects within the old-time stricter notions of the appropriate sphere of governmental action. More recently it has assumed a more progressive form or a more extended character in certain directions in clearer recognition of social as distinguished from individualistic claims, as, for instance, in the conservation of natural resources, including the public health. The time has come when, following the trend elsewhere, a further advance should be made by carrying legislation more directly into industrial and social fields, as well as by making democracy more real in the political field. The last two legislatures set high marks of accomplishment for the

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SUGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—Beets: 28 analysis, 98 7/8d. Parity, 4.01 cents. Previous quotation, 98 3/4d.

TAFT'S VETO UPHELD; LABOR HERE NOT HIT

House Refuses to Override the President's Disapproval of Dillingham-Burnett Bill

[Special Star-Bulletin Cable]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—President Taft's veto of the Dillingham-Burnett immigration bill stands. The House today refused to override the president's veto, which was based on his opposition to the "literacy test" feature of the bill. When the senate overrode the veto yesterday, the backers of the bill were confident that the House would follow suit and its action this morning is a great surprise. With the Dillingham-Burnett bill defeated for this session, the threatened check of immigration from Europe to Hawaii is prevented.

C. S. ALBERT.

GARDEN FETE IS OPENING OF CARNIVAL

Carnival Week's manifold attractions and gaieties opened at two o'clock this afternoon, with the picturesque garden fete at Kapiolani Park arranged by the ladies of the Artillery for the benefit of the Army Relief Fund.

Flags of all kinds are hung about the grounds and while different colors were used in the booths, the whole effect was unique and artistic.

One of the most attractive booths is that where Mrs. Charles F. Chillingworth, assisted by a number of society ladies, are selling curios and raffish tapas. Palms and ferns give the booth a tropical air and the ladies who are with Mrs. Chillingworth are in soft white dresses and white lace hats. During the afternoon the Princess Kawananakoa is assisting the ladies. The large Hawaiian flag that hangs at the back of the booth attracted the attention of all newcomers.

The younger visitors at the park have everything to please them. Mrs. Nichols, who has charge of the amusements, has on her portion of the grounds a chute and sand pile for small boys. The wheel of fortune is also under the charge of Mrs. Nichols.

Mrs. John Stuart Johnstone and Mrs. Clarke preside over the ice cream tables that are set under the banyan tree near the entrance to the grounds. Everything here is done in red and green and the fire cracker plant and hibiscus and palms are used extensively. Mrs. Clarke and Mrs. Johnstone were assisted by Mrs. Archibald Campbell, Mrs. Harold Pratt, Mrs. Kirby Smith, Mrs. Gerald Johnson, Mrs. Lem Stevens, Miss Florence Gurrey, Miss Julia McStocker, Miss Edith Cowles, Miss Angus, Mrs. Ellis, Miss Dorothy Wood, the daughter of

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COMMITTEES OF HOUSE CONTROLLED BY G. O. P.

The committee chairmanships of the house for this session go to the Republicans with the exception of the military committee, where Henry L. Kawewehi is rewarded with a chairmanship for the lone Home Ruler. Moreover the committees are controlled by Republicans.

Here are the house committees announced by Speaker Holstein for the 1913 session:

Finance—Messrs. Watkins, George P. Cooke, Spaulding, Lyman, C. H. Cooke, Kaua, Paoli.

Judiciary—Messrs. Sheldon, Coney, Tavares, Poepe, Kaula.

Public Lands and Internal Improvements—Messrs. Huddy, Lota, Kaupiko, Silva, Goodness, Robertson, Kalakiela.

Agriculture—Messrs. George P. Cooke, Silva, Goodness, Irwin, Paxson.

Health and Police—Messrs. Coney, Makekahu, Kawewehi, Irwin, Asch.

Education—Messrs. C. H. Cooke, Huddy, Spaulding, Kinsela, Paxson.

Miscellaneous—Messrs. Lyman, Waialoho, Kaula, Asch, Kaniho.

Accounts and public Expenditures—Messrs. Tavares, Watkins, Wilcox, Kuphea, McCandless.

Printing, Revision and Enrollment—Messrs. Waialoho, Lota, Kaupiko, Robertson.

Military—Messrs. Kawewehi, Makekahu, Wilcox, McCandless, Kaniho.

Rules—Messrs. Holstein, Sheldon, Poepe, Kalakiela, Kuphea.

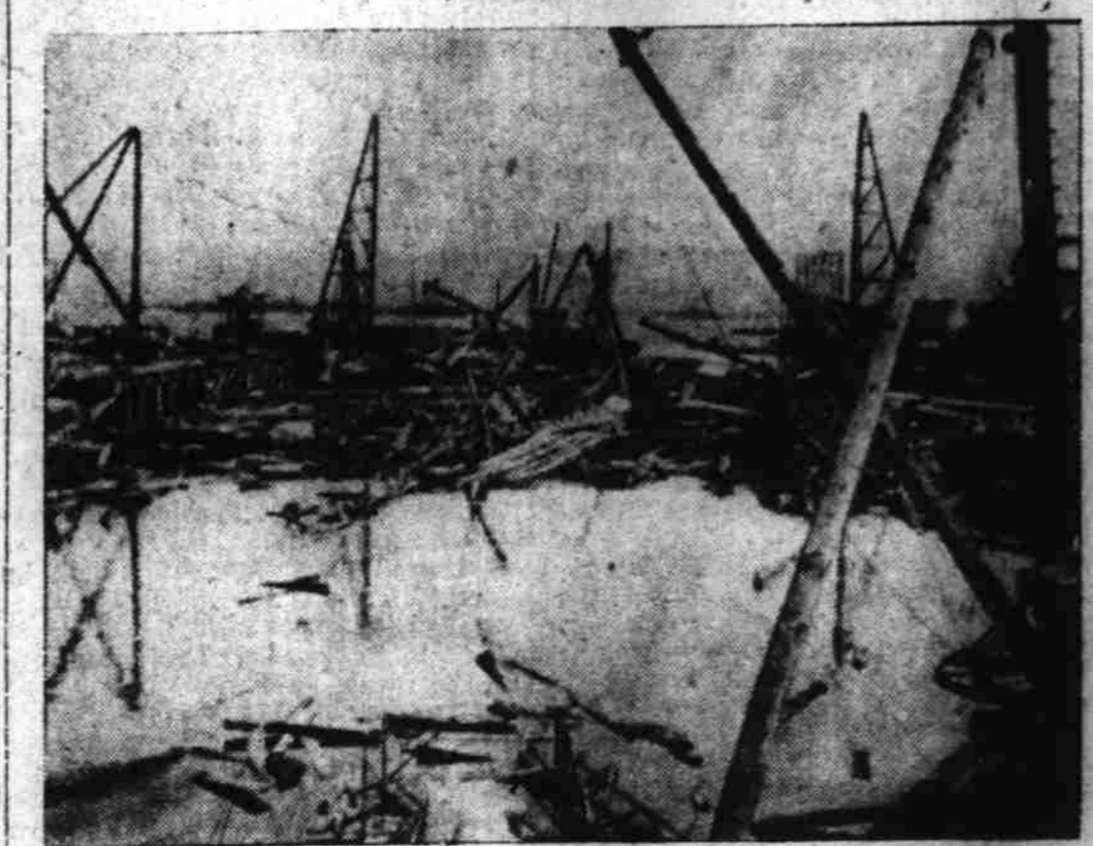
COLONEL ZIEGLER INSPECTOR GENERAL

Colonel C. W. Ziegler, for some years past colonel of the First Infantry, National Guard of Hawaii, has been relieved of the command at his own request, and assigned to duty as inspector general of the organization of the territory.

This leaves Lieutenant Colonel Coyne in command of the First Infantry.

EXPERTS HOPE STRONGER BOTTOM WILL SAVE DRYDOCK

Examination of wreckage gives navy engineers faith in heavier concrete work



VIEW OF THE WRECKED DRYDOCK, LOOKING SEAWARD.

The Pearl Harbor drydock will be built on the present site. The fight against the elements will be continued, and another attempt made to anchor the huge ship basin to the treacherous coral bottom.

This is the conclusion of the naval authorities and the contractors based on the reports made yesterday by the divers who threaded the green depths, worming their way through a labyrinth of broken timber, displaced cribwork and smashed sheath piling, and discovered the all-important fact that there had been no shifting of the bottom under Section 3, and that the damage to the cribwork of that section was caused by the "blowing up" of Section 2. When the pressure of the water from without forced the

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MADERO RULE ENDS FUTURE UNCERTAIN

Brother of Deposed President Shot as Fugitive—Fall of the Maderistas Popular—Ambassador Wilson's Stand Makes United States Immensely Popular

[Associated Press Cable]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—With every hour bringing reports of riot and bloodshed from Mexico, state and war departments today continued their hurried preparations for readiness to intervene in Mexico. Although assurances late today were that the fall of the Maderistas has pacified the rioters, then Uncle Sam has no confidence that the confusion at Mexico City will soon be ended and meanwhile floods of telegrams from American citizens south of the border are pouring in, all asking that intervention be consummated.

[Associated Press Cable]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—It is considered very possible here that the Mexicans may refuse to accept the military dictatorship and later presidency of Gen. Huerta. Huerta is popular at the capital but unpopular in the northern part of the country. For that reason those who know the situation think that he is likely to have even less permanency in office than Madero.

[Associated Press Cable]

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Feb. 19.—The fall of the Maderistas is immensely popular in the capital. Their friends appear to have all deserted them.

GUSTAVO MADERO TRAPPED TO HIS DEATH

[Associated Press Cable]

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Feb. 19.—Gustavo Madero, brother of the deposed president and prominent in the Maderista administration, was executed today under the fugitive law. He was shot by soldiers at the command, it is alleged, of Gen. Huerta.

The real story of Gustavo Madero's death is said to be that he was trapped into the flight from the arsenal where he was lodged as a prisoner by young Gen. Diaz. It is said that the guards were expelled from the arsenal and when Madero tried to escape, believing that the way was clear, he was shot down by men waiting for this very chance.

Another story of plotting was revealed in the report today that a document of the Maderistas had been discovered headed "Those Who Should Die" and naming Francisco de la Barra, long a rival of Francisco Madero, Venustiano Gomez and others.

AMBASSADOR WILSON MAKES HIMSELF POPULAR

[Associated Press Cable]

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Feb. 19.—The part played by U. S. Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson in the negotiations ending in the abdication of Diaz won the ambassador and his country unbounded applause. He was given an immense ovation today. The city had regarded intervention by the United States as inevitable and preferable to wanton slaughter and destruction.

Gen. Huerta declares today that he acted on his own initiative and notified Diaz after Madero was arrested that he would accept any president that the Mexican congress might elect.

MOTHER OF WEE CHILDREN ASKS HELP OF COURT

Without friends or funds, and with three small children depending upon her for their support, Mrs. Aurora de la Orden, a recent arrival here from Spain, yesterday appealed to Judge Archibald Campbell, Mrs. Harold Pratt, Mrs. Kirby Smith, Mrs. Gerald Johnson, Mrs. Lem Stevens, Miss Florence Gurrey, Miss Julia McStocker, Miss Edith Cowles, Miss Angus, Mrs. Ellis, Miss Dorothy Wood, the daughter of

The woman, who is not more than twenty-five years old, came to Hawaii with her husband and three children on the immigrant steamer Harpoon last year. The husband found work on a plantation, and up until three months ago the little family lived in comfort. Then the father died and the little money which he had stored away soon dwindled down to a few dollars. There was no work for the mother on the plantation and the children were too young to be sent into the cane fields, and so the family was forced to move to Honolulu, where the mother has been making a bare living for her family by taking in washing and working at odd times as a servant.

She was discharged from her last place of employment because of the time required for the care of her three children. She had no money, no food for herself and children, and no friends; not even a place to sleep. Yesterday, as a last resort, she made her way to the juvenile court, where she asked assistance from Judge Whitney. She refused to accept charity, asking only for a place to work so that Japanese planters will have 150 acres of long ratoons, making a total of 1350 acres. About 100 acres of the above is rather late on account of the dry weather; a good deal of it dried out and had to be replanted. Otherwise the appearance of the cane at present writing is up to the average crop.

"Labor conditions were all that could be desired throughout the year."

"There was a sale today of 96 centrifugals that affects the basis for Hawaiian sugars, at 3.48 cents."

SUGAR PRICE SHADING UP

Raws in New York have recovered the fraction lost a few days ago, according to the following dispatch received this morning by Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd.: "Holders of raws are asking 3.48 and firm at this price."

WAIMANALO HAS HAD GOLDEN YEAR

Little old Waimanalo, with its stock registered on the stock exchange, has had another prosperous year, according to the reports of the manager, Geo. Chalmers, and the treasurer, H. M. Whitney.

With good weather for handling the cane and the quality of the juice above the average for Waimanalo, Manager Chalmers states that the crop went 1000 tons over his estimate of a year ago. Prices were all that could be desired, so that the usual profits were realized.

Treasurer Whitney shows the gross profits to have been \$125,703.08, while interest on bonds, etc., made \$792.65. The net profit for the year was \$126,435.30. Dividends paid during the year were \$109,520 on the capital stock of \$252,000. The accumulated balance carried forward to this year is \$246,852.12.

"The 1912 crop," says Chalmers, "has suffered more or less throughout the whole year from drought, the rainfall for the past year being only 21.34 inches, against an average of 44.28 inches for the past 23 years. The result is that the crop will be from 1000 to 1500 tons short of what it would have been under normal conditions, my present estimate being 3500 tons."

"For 1914 crop we planted 330 acres, with 270 acres of long ratoons, and will possibly have 500 acres of short ratoons. In addition to the above, the Japanese planters will have 150 acres of long ratoons, making a total of 1350 acres. About 100 acres of the above is rather late on account of the dry weather; a good deal of it dried out and had to be replanted. Otherwise the appearance of the cane at present writing is up to the average crop."

"Labor conditions were all that could be desired throughout the year."

"There was a sale today of 96 centrifugals that affects the basis for Hawaiian sugars, at 3.48 cents."

The customs court at Washington has decided that the determining of the maximum amount of protection to be accorded under the tariff act upon articles grown or manufactured in this country is a legal function and may not be decided by the secretary of the treasury as heretofore.

Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Iron Workers' Union, has obtained his release from prison by payment of a \$70,000 bond.

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